



INGESTING NWIS DATA FROM VB.NET

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Distribution

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document shows how to connect to WaterOneFlow web services with VB.NET and Visual Studio 2005 by walking you through the creation of a simple program that downloads the latest streamflow values for the Colorado River at Austin, TX. The program accesses real-time streamflow data from the USGS National Water Information System (NWIS) via the WaterOneFlow web service at <http://river.sdsc.edu/wateroneflow/NWIS/DailyValues.aspx?WSDL>

Computer and Skill Requirements

To complete this exercise, your computer must meet the following requirements:

- Working Internet connection
- Visual Studio 2005 software

This exercise assumes that you have some familiarity with the following software environments:

- Visual Studio 2005

2 PROCEDURE

In this exercise, you will create a windows application with one main window that allows the user to click to see what the average streamflow over the past few days is at the Colorado River at Austin, TX. The application lets the user specify the number of days for which data should be retrieved (up to 30 days back). The application then asks the NWIS Unit Values web service for streamflow values, and then computes the average of the returned values.

2.1 SETTING UP THE PROJECT

1. Start Visual Studio 2005 (Click on Start | All Programs | Microsoft Visual Studio 2005 | Microsoft Visual Studio 2005).
2. Click File | New Project...

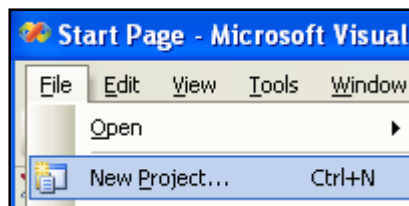


Figure 1 Creating a New Project

3. In the New Project window, set the following properties:
 - a. Choose Visual Basic | Windows from Project Types.
 - b. Select Windows Application from Templates.
 - c. Type "AustinStreamflow" as the Name.
 - d. Click OK.

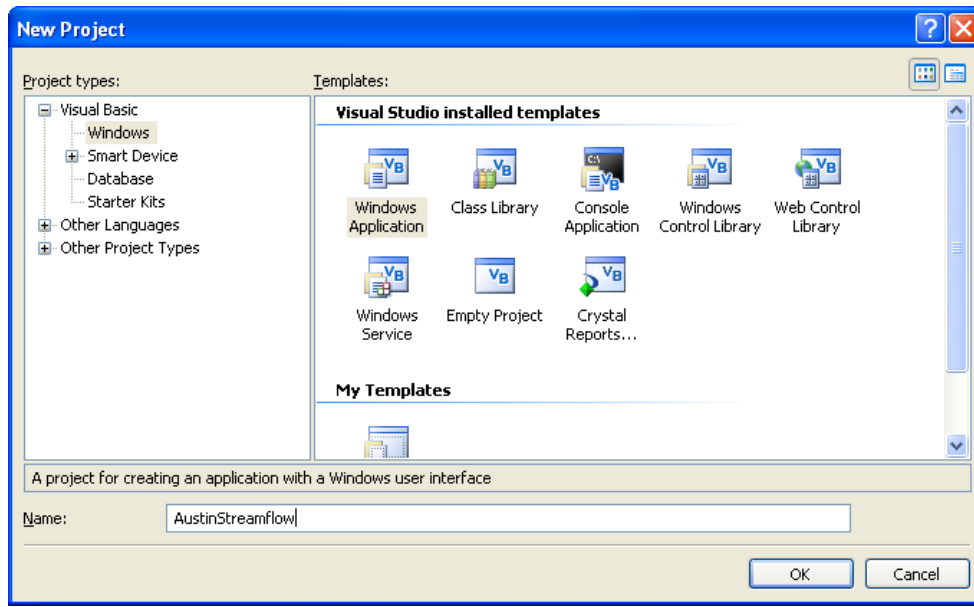


Figure 2 New Project Wizard

A new project will open with a default form called Form1.

2.2 CREATING THE WEB REFERENCE

This project will make use of the NWIS Unit Values web service to retrieve streamflow values from the USGS stream gage on the Colorado River at Austin. The web service becomes available to the project after making a web reference to the service.

1. Click Project | Add Web Reference...

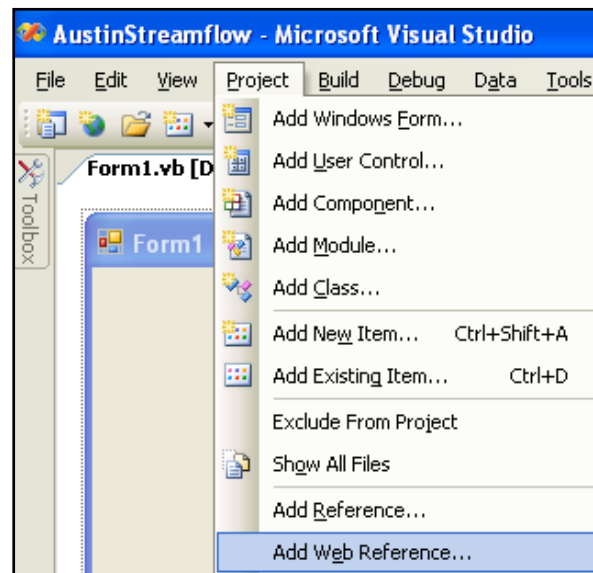


Figure 3 Adding a Web Reference

2. In the Add Web Reference window (next to URL:), type in the following URL:

`http://river.sdsc.edu/waterOneFlow/NWIS/DailyValues.asmx`

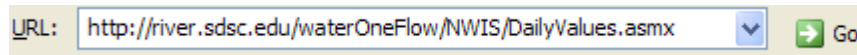


Figure 4 URL Box

3. Click Go. Visual Studio will navigate to the URL and verify that a web service is present.

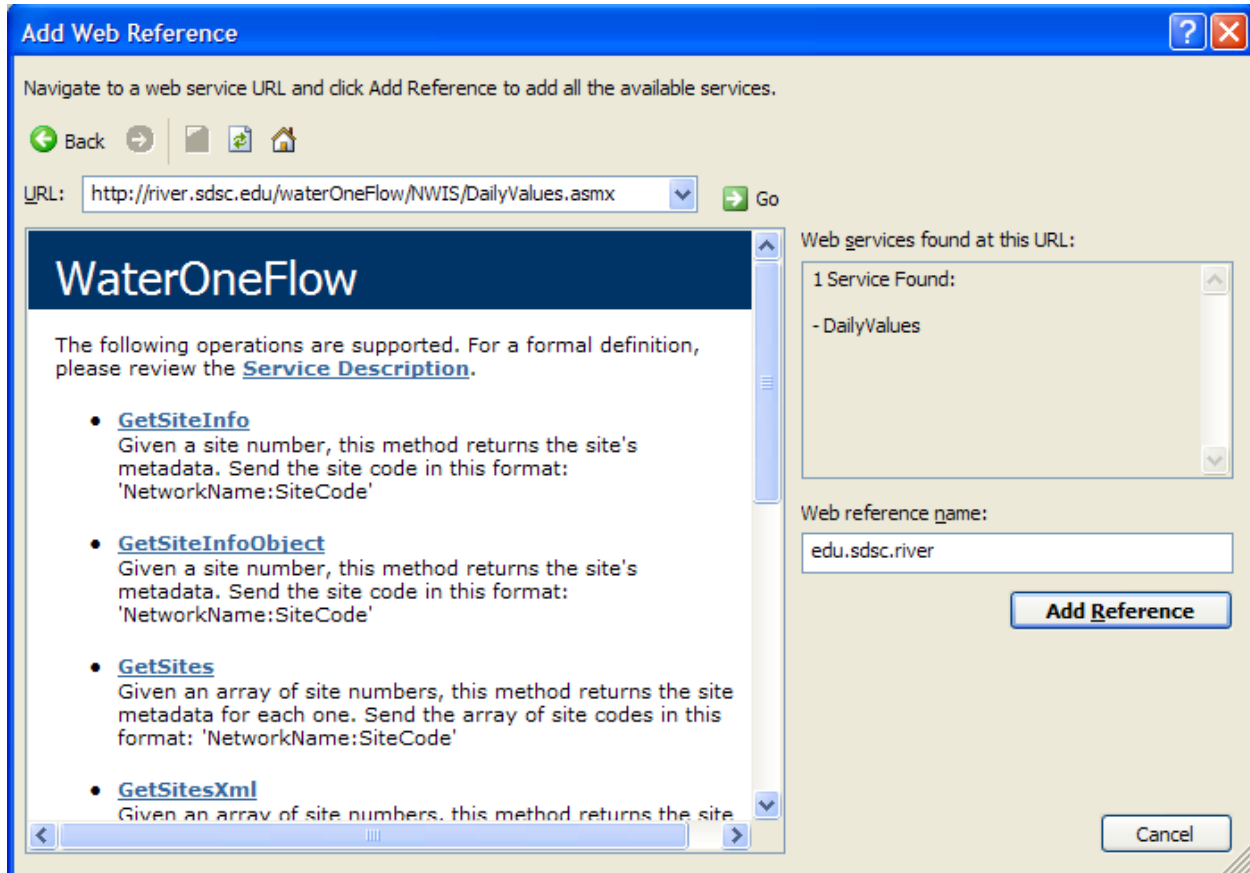


Figure 5 Add Web Reference Wizard

4. Change the Web reference name (from default edu.sdsc.water) to NWISUnitValues. This is the name by which you will reference the NWIS web service in your code.

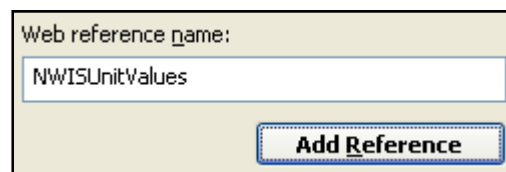


Figure 6 Web Reference Name

5. Click Add Reference.

The NWIS web service is now available for use within your project.

2.3 BUILDING THE USER INTERFACE

Now that you've set up the project, you'll build the user interface by adding controls to the form. Later, you'll add the code behind those controls which will perform the work.

1. Right click on Form1 and click Properties.

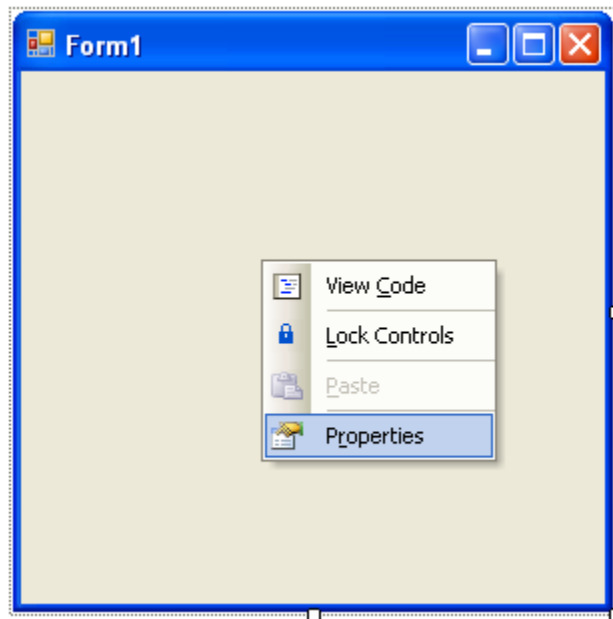


Figure 7 Accessing Properties of a Form

2. Change the Text property of the form to "Colorado River Streamflow". This changes the name that appears in the title bar of the form.

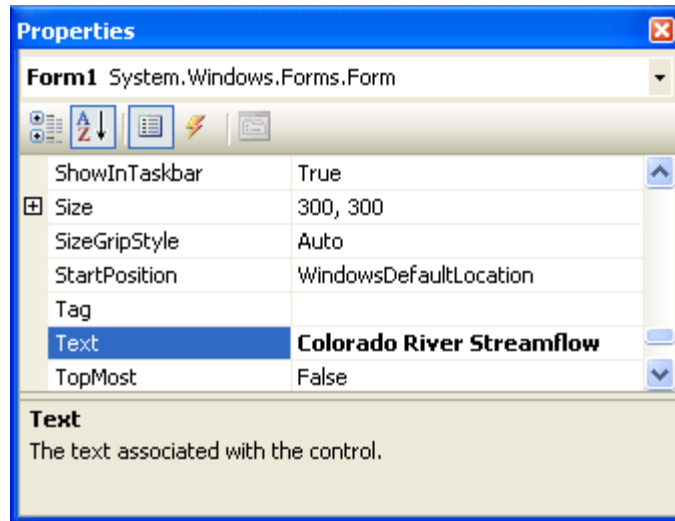


Figure 8 Form Properties

3. Add two labels, one combo box, and one button to the form, at roughly the same positions as shown in the figure below.

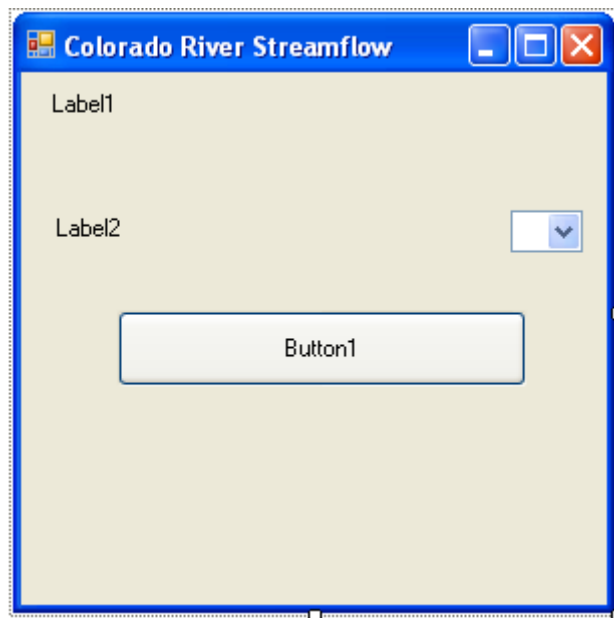


Figure 9 Adding Components on a Form

4. In a manner similar to setting the Text property of the form, set the properties of the controls as shown below.

Control	Property	Value
Label1	Text	This program computes the average streamflow in the Colorado River at Austin, TX, over the past few days. Specify the number of days to include in the computation with the drop down box below.
	AutoSize	False

Label2	Text	Number of recent days to include in average:
ComboBox1	DropDownStyle	DropDownList
Button1	(Name)	btnCalculate
	Text	Calculate Average Streamflow

Table 1: Form Properties to be Set

The form should now look similar to the one below.

Figure 10 Final Form

Now you will add the choice of 1 to 30 days to the combo box.

5. Click the properties for ComboBox1, and then select the Items property. Click the ellipsis next to (Collection).

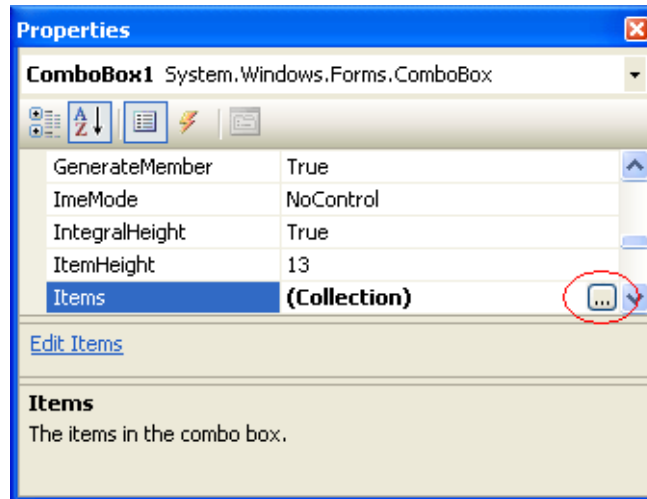


Figure 11 ComboBox1 Properties

6. Add the numbers 1 through 30 to the String Collection Editor window. This allows the user to select between 1 and 30 days to include in the computation of average stream flow.

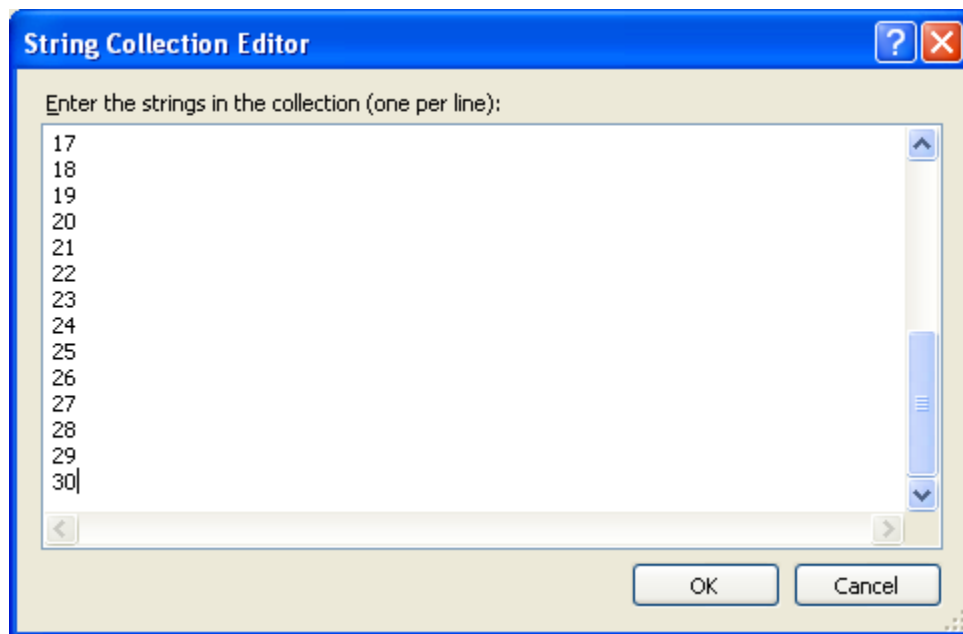


Figure 12 String Collection Editor Window

7. Click OK to close the String Collection Editor window.

2.4 WRITING THE CODE

1. Double click the form (be sure and not to click on any of the controls that you have added to the form.) This opens the code editor, and creates stub code that will be run when the form opens.

```
Public Class Form1
    Private Sub Form1_Load(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As
System.EventArgs) Handles MyBase.Load
        End Sub
End Class
```

2. Add the following code to the Form1_Load procedure.

```
ComboBox1.SelectedItem = ComboBox1.Items.Item(29)
```

The result is shown in the screenshot below.

```
Public Class Form1
    Private Sub Form1_Load(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As
System.EventArgs) Handles MyBase.Load
        ComboBox1.SelectedItem = ComboBox1.Items.Item(29)
    End Sub
End Class
```

In the code above, you are setting the selected item in the combo box to be the 30th item (which happens to be the number 30). Indices in VB.NET begin with zero, not one. So the first item in the combo box has an index of zero, while the last item has an index of 29 in this case.

3. At the top of the code editor, click the Form1.vb [Design] tab.

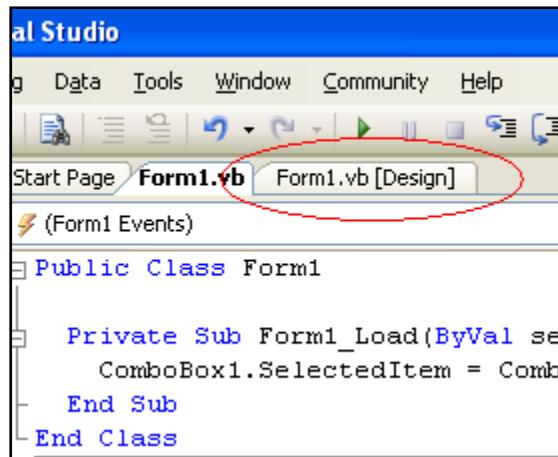


Figure 13 Code Editor

This shows the form and the controls that you have placed on it. This is a convenient view for choosing a specific control to write code for. Now you'll add code to the button to compute average stream flow.

4. Double click the Calculate Average Streamflow button to open the code editor and automatically create stub code for the Click event for that button.
5. Add the following code to the btnCalculate_Click procedure.

```

' .....
' Set initial parameters.
' .....

' Set the siteCode for our gage of interest.
Dim location As String = "NWIS:08158000"
' Set the variableCode for streamflow.
Dim variable As String = "NWIS:00060"
' Set start and end date.
Dim startDate, endDate As String
Dim tmpDate As Date
endDate = Format(Now, "yyyy-MM-dd")
tmpDate = Now.AddDays(-1 * ComboBox1.SelectedItem + 1)
startDate = Format(tmpDate, "yyyy-MM-dd")

' .....
' Call the web service.
' .....

Dim ws As New NWISUnitValues.NWISUnitValues
Dim tsResponse As NWISUnitValues.TimeSeriesResponseType
tsResponse = ws.GetValuesObject(location, variable, _
                                startDate, endDate, "")
' .....
' Process the results.

```

```

.....

Dim vals As NWISUnitValues.TsValuesSingleVariableType
vals = tsResponse.timeSeries.values
If vals.count = 0 Then
    MsgBox("No values returned")
    Exit Sub
End If

For i As Integer = 0 To vals.count - 1

For i As Integer = 0 To vals.count - 1
    avg += vals.value(i).Value
Next

avg = avg / vals.count
MsgBox("The average streamflow is " & _
    FormatNumber(avg, 1) & " cfs")

```

In the code above, you are first preparing the inputs to feed the web service. The tricky part of this is formatting the dates to “yyyy-MM-dd” format (e.g., 2006-12-31), which is what the web service is expecting. Another trick is calculating the start date by adding “negative” days to the current date in the line:

```
tmpDate = Now.AddDays(-1 * ComboBox1.SelectedItem + 1)
```

Next you are creating a new instance of the NWIS Unit Values web service, and calling the `GetValuesObject` method from the service with the date inputs from the user. This method returns an Object with the data retrieved from the web service.

Next, with the results from the `GetValuesObject` call, you are computing the average streamflow from the values returned, and then showing a message box to report the result.

2.5 RUNNING THE CODE

The project is now ready to run.

1. Press F5 on your keyboard to run it.
2. Click the Calculate Average Streamflow button.

After a minute or two, a message box appears showing the average stream flow over the past 30 days. Note that your value may be different than the value in the screenshot below, since this exercise was created on another day than the current day.

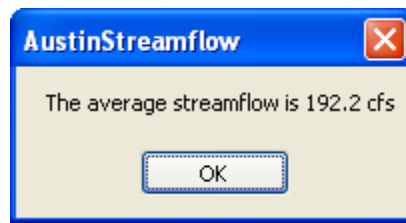


Figure 14 Final Result

3. Close the form when you are finished.

You have completed the exercise and have learned how to call a web service from Visual Studio 2005. From this point, you could build the solution as an executable file by pressing Ctrl-Shift-B on your keyboard. See your Visual Studio help for more information about building solutions.